

Prescribe an alternative COVID-19 therapy for patients who are receiving any of the medications listed.

Before prescribing ritonavir-boosted nirmatrelvir (Paxlovid), determine whether the patient is receiving any of the medications listed.

- If the patient is receiving any of these medications, withhold the medication if clinically appropriate.
- If withholding is not clinically appropriate, use an alternative concomitant medication or COVID-19 therapy.^a

- Amiodarone
- Apalutamide
- Bosentan
- Carbamazepine
- Cisapride
- Clopidogrel
- Clozapine
- Colchicine in patients with renal and/or hepatic impairment
- Disopyramide
- Dofetilide
- Dronedarone
- Eplerenone
- Ergot derivatives
- Flecainide
- Flibanserin
- Glecaprevir/pibrentasvir
- Ivabradine
- Lumateperone
- Lurasidone
- Mexiletine
- Phenobarbital
- Phenytoin
- Pimozide
- Propafenone
- Quinidine
- Ranolazine
- Rifampin
- Rifapentine
- Rivaroxaban
- Sildenafil for pulmonary hypertension
- St. John's wort
- Tadalafil for pulmonary hypertension
- Ticagrelor
- Vorapaxar

- Alfuzosin
- Alprazolam
- Atorvastatin
- Avanafil
- Clonazepam
- Codeine
- Cyclosporine^b
- Diazepam
- Everolimus^b
- Fentanyl
- Hydrocodone
- Lomitapide
- Lovastatin
- Meperidine (pethidine)
- Midazolam (oral)
- Oxycodone
- Piroxicam
- Propoxyphene
- Rosuvastatin
- Salmeterol
- Sildenafil for erectile dysfunction
- Silodosin
- Simvastatin
- Sirolimus^b
- Suvorexant
- Tacrolimus^b
- Tadalafil for erectile dysfunction
- Tamsulosin
- Tramadol
- Triazolam
- Vardenafil

^a Expert consultation may be considered. In some cases, dose reduction of the concomitant medication may be an appropriate management strategy.